

(3) 過去進行形(～していた, していました)

例) I am studying now.(私はいま勉強しています。)

I was studying at that time.(私はそのとき勉強していました。)

* 過去のある一時点で動作が進行中だったことを表す。

* 作り方：現在進行形：be(am / is / are) + (動詞)ing

過去進行形：be(was / were) + (動詞)ing

* be は主語によって決まる(過去形と同じ)

例) You were swimming in the river.

Were you swimming in the river?(あなたは川で泳いでいましたか。)

Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.

例) I was not swimming in the river.(私は川で泳いでいませんでした。)

* 疑問文：be を前に出す(～していましたか)

* 否定文：be の後に not を入れる(～していませんでした)

[問題]

1. Tom was running along the river.(疑問文に)
2. They were studying English this morning.(否定文に)
3. Nancy plays tennis.(過去進行形に)
4. They run with their dog.(過去進行形に)
5. Do you play the piano?(過去進行形に)

[解答]

1. Was Tom running along the river?
2. They weren't studying English this morning.
3. Nancy was playing tennis.
4. They were running with their dog.
5. Were you playing the piano?

[要点確認]

	現在進行形の作り方	動詞 be + 動詞 ing
	I watch TV.の現在進行形	I am watching TV.
	(動詞)ing の作り方	原則 : ing をつける e で終わる動詞 : e をとって ing
	重ねる動詞(5 つ)	run-running, swim-swimming stop-stopping, sit-sitting, get-getting
	She is singing now.の疑問文, 答え	Is she singing now? Yes, she is. / No, she isn't.
	She is singing now.の否定文	She is not singing now.
	I watch TV.の過去進行形	I was watching TV.